

FIG.1

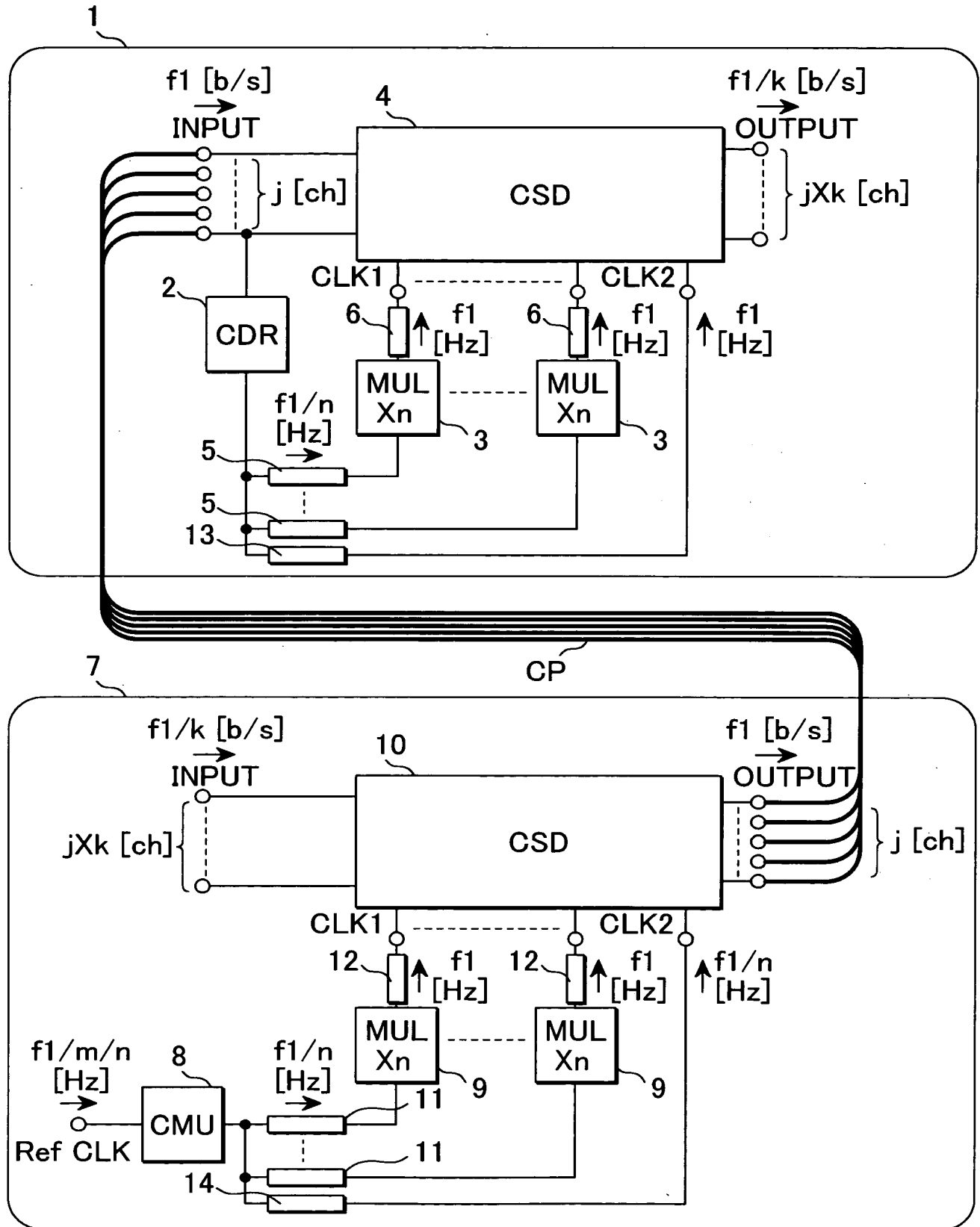


FIG.2

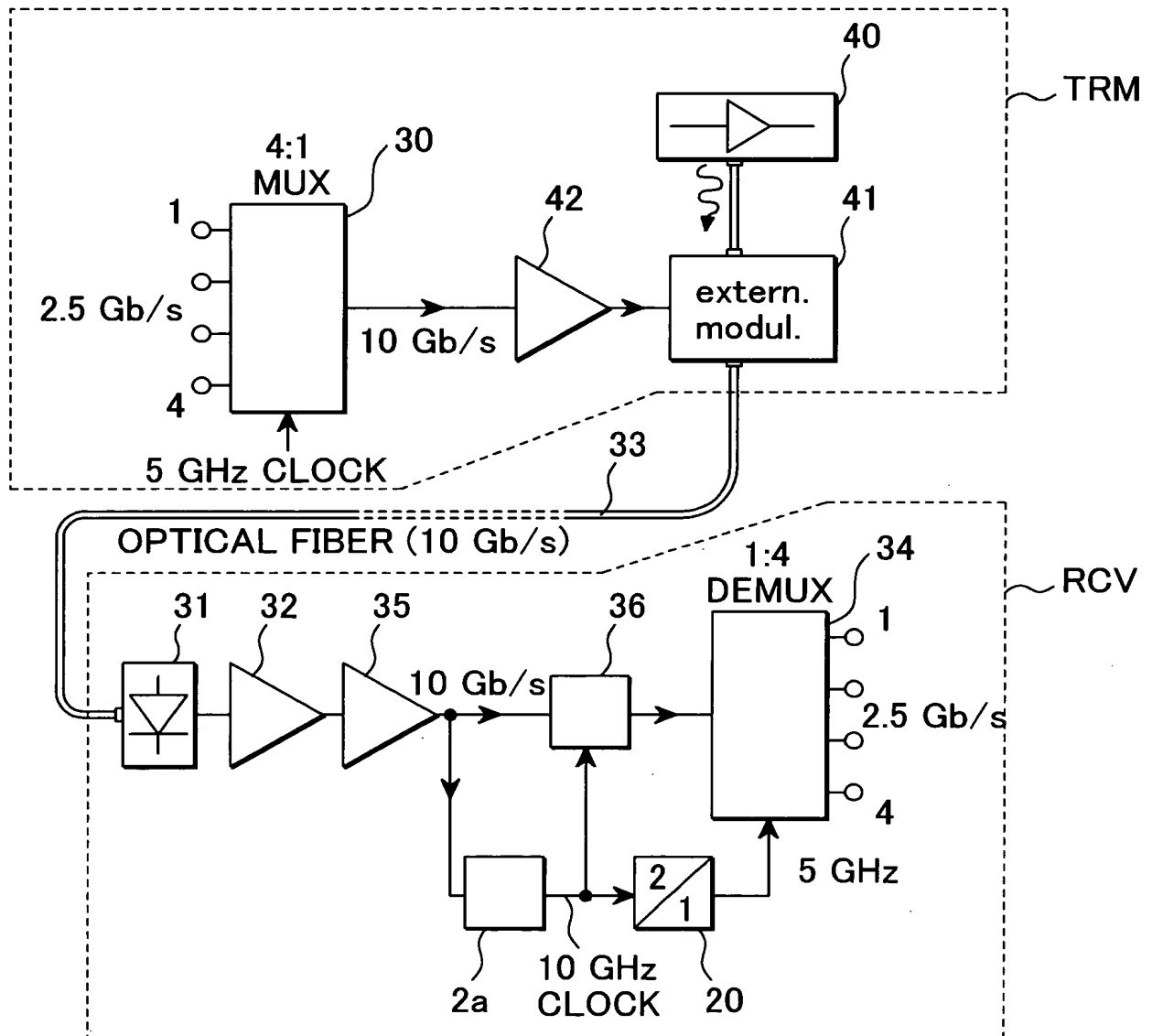
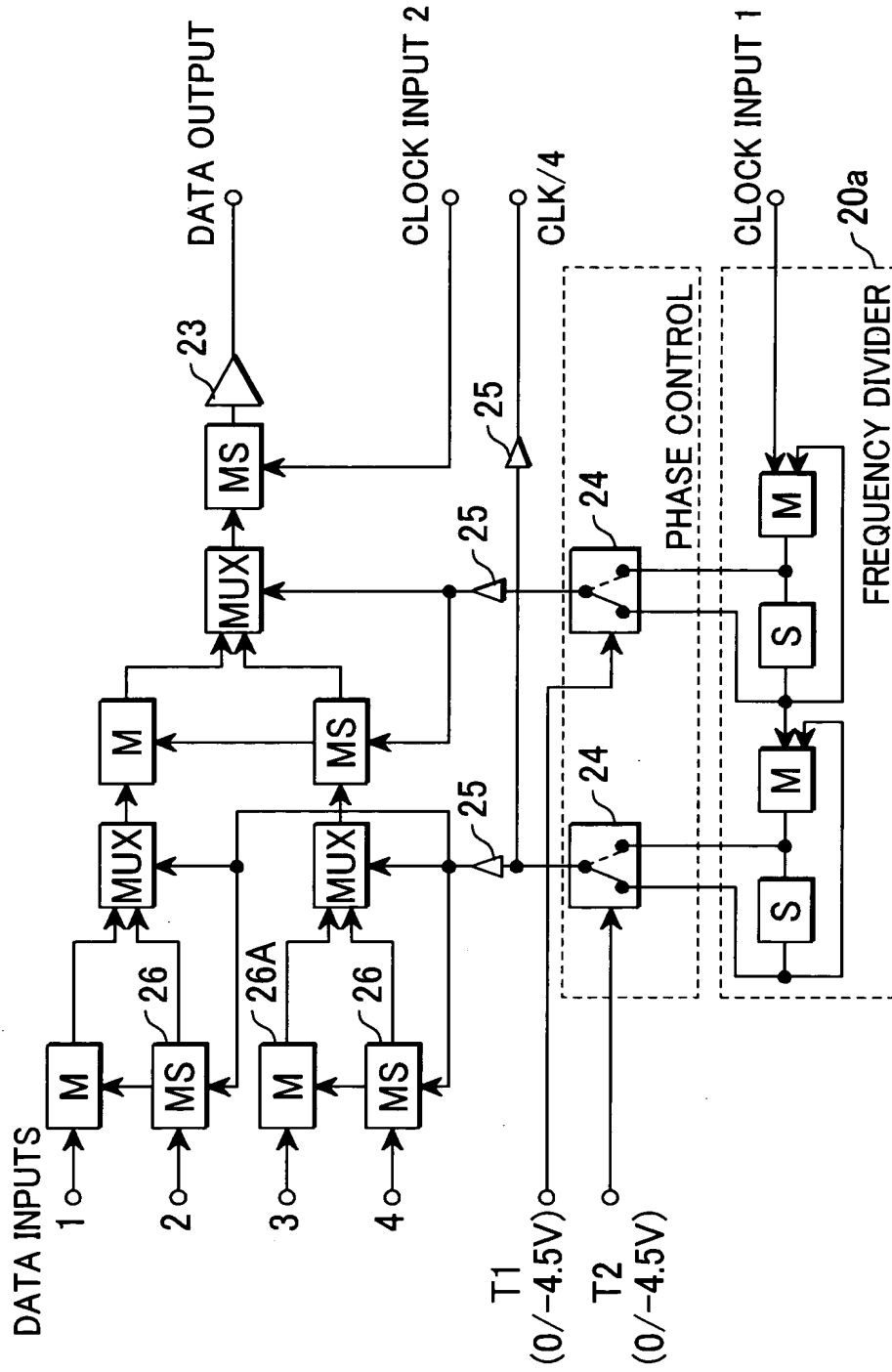


FIG. 3



The diagram illustrates a 40 Gb/s optical transmitter and receiver system. The transmitter (TRM) section at the top includes a 4:1 MUX formed by two 2:1 multiplexers, which combines four 10 Gb/s inputs into a 40 Gb/s signal. This signal, along with a 20 GHz clock, enters a POWER MUX (2:1). The output of the POWER MUX is a 40 Gb/s signal that passes through an EAM (External Modulator) and an OA (Optional Amplifier) to produce the final 40 Gb/s output. The receiver (RCV) section at the bottom starts with an OPT. AMP. (Optical Amplifier) and a GAIN CONTR. (Gain Control) block. The amplified signal then passes through a 1:4 DEMUX, which splits the 40 Gb/s signal into four 10 Gb/s outputs. A 20 GHz clock is also provided to the receiver section. The entire system is labeled as 'POSSIBLY INTEGRATED'.

FIG.5

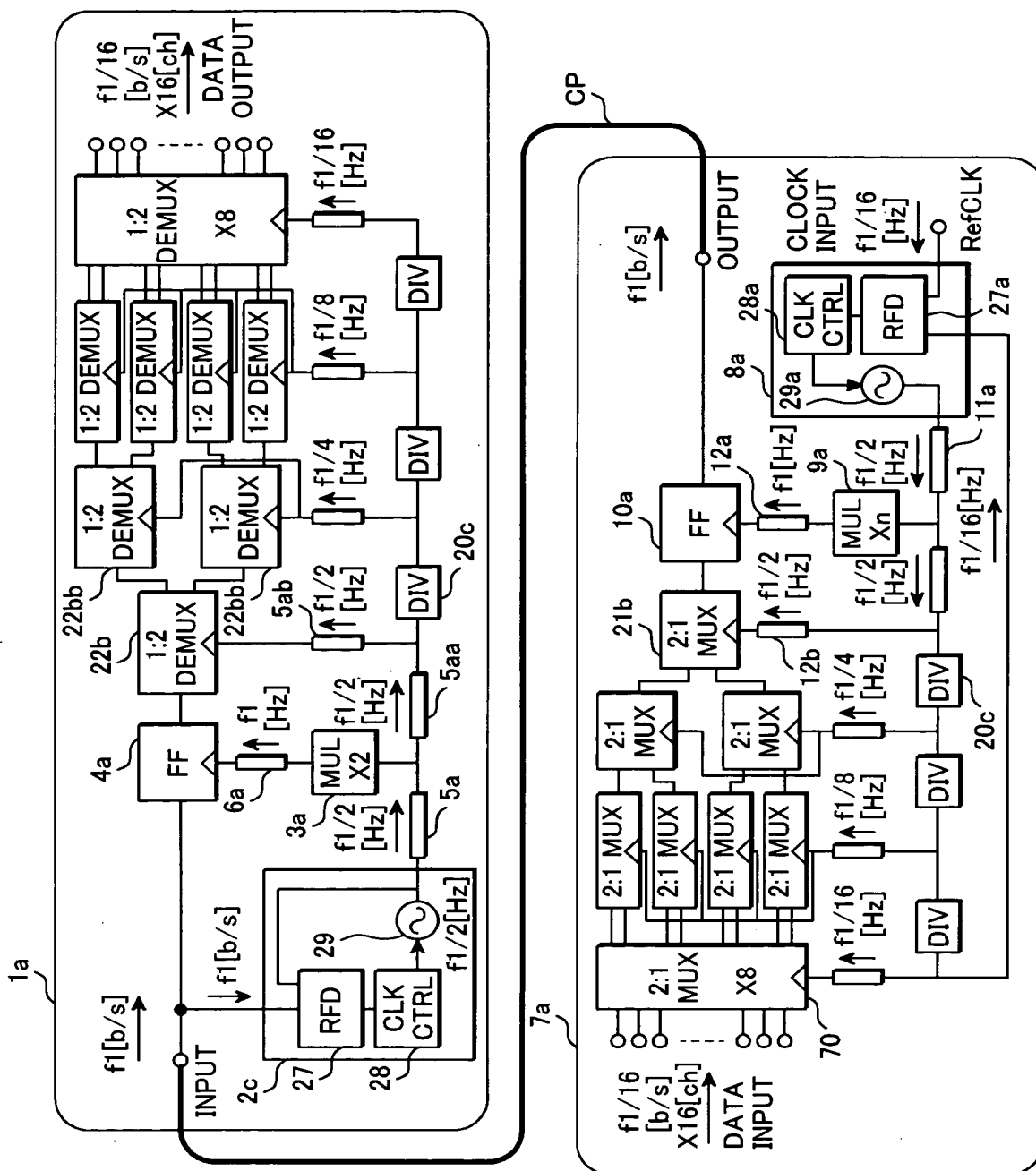


FIG.6

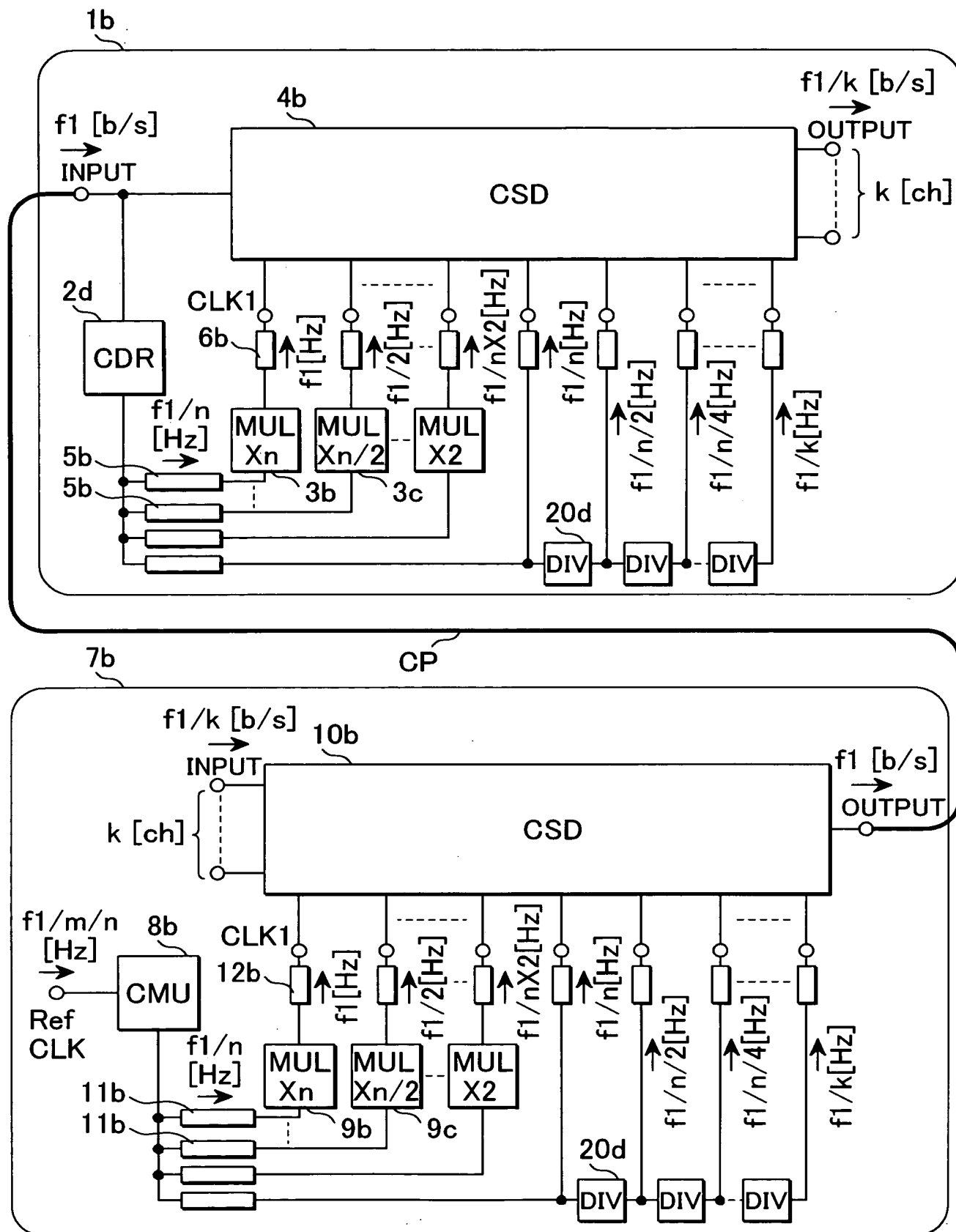


FIG.7

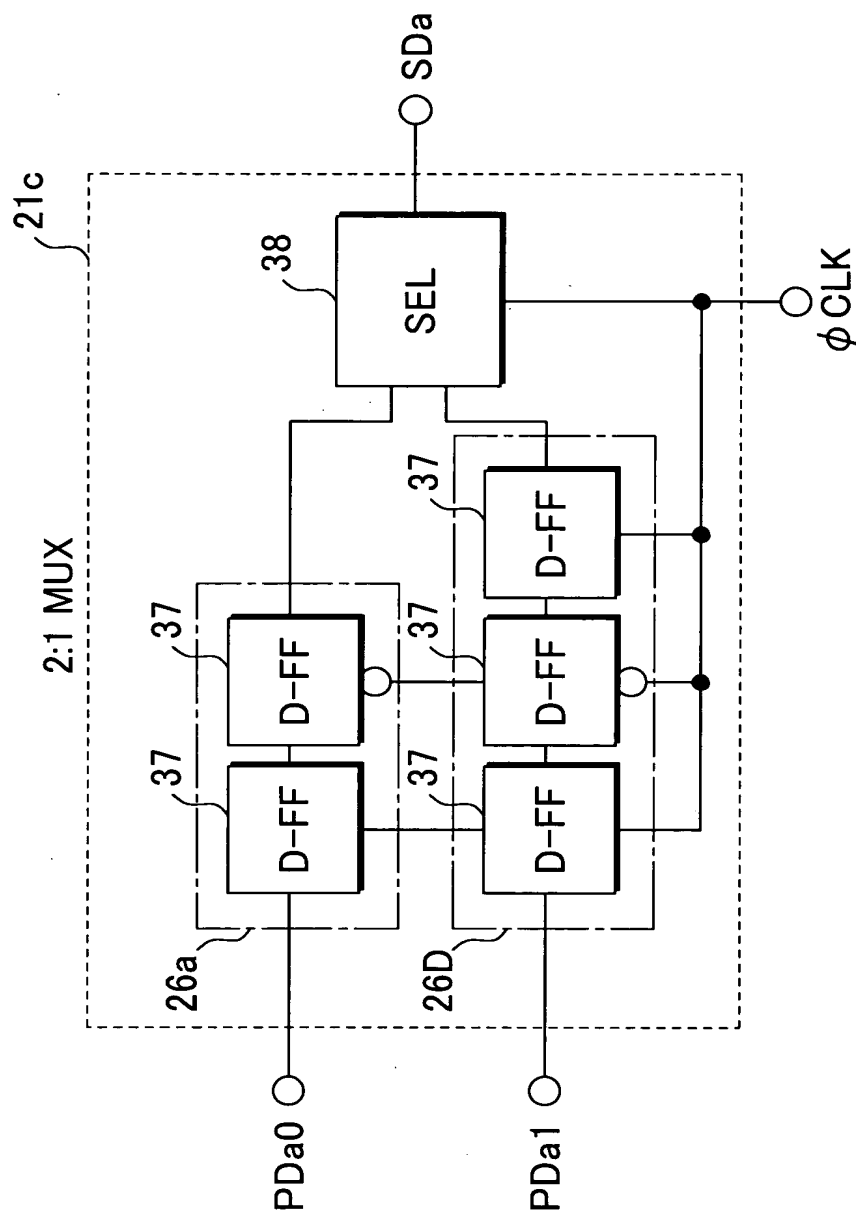


FIG. 8

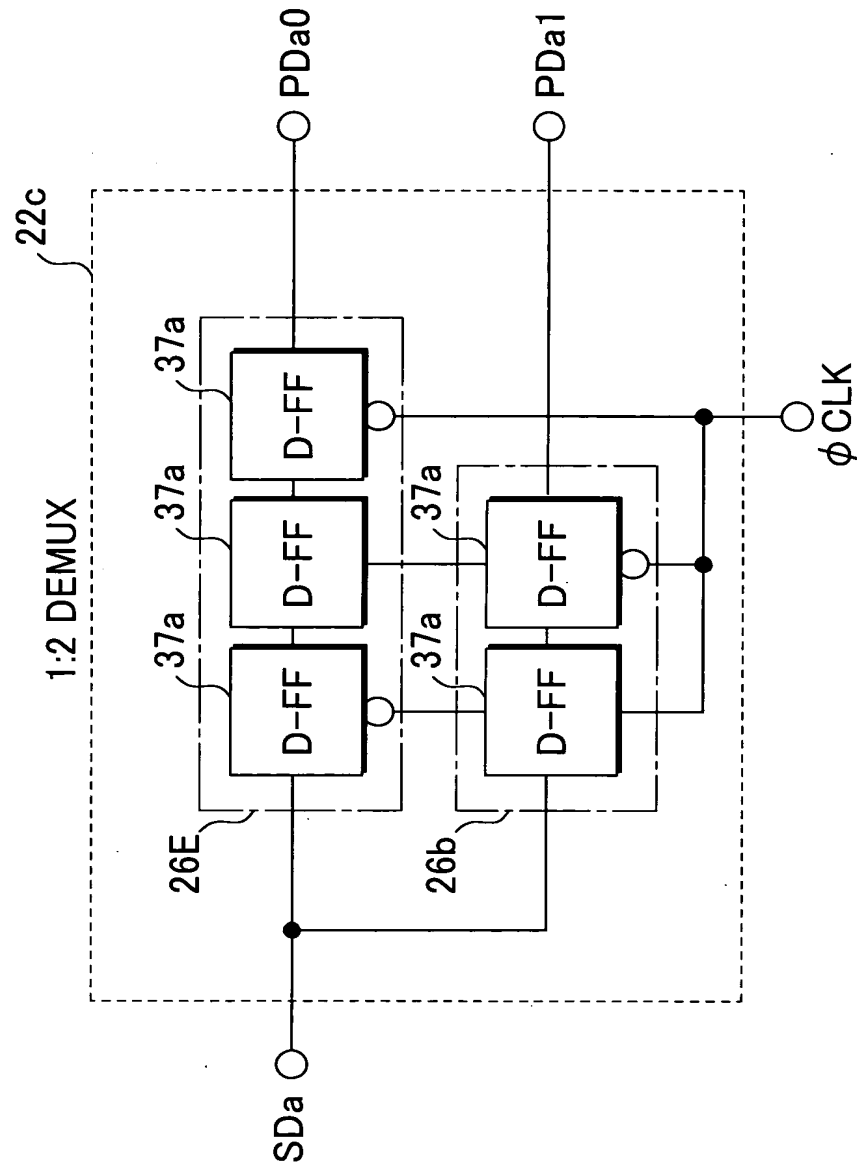


FIG.9

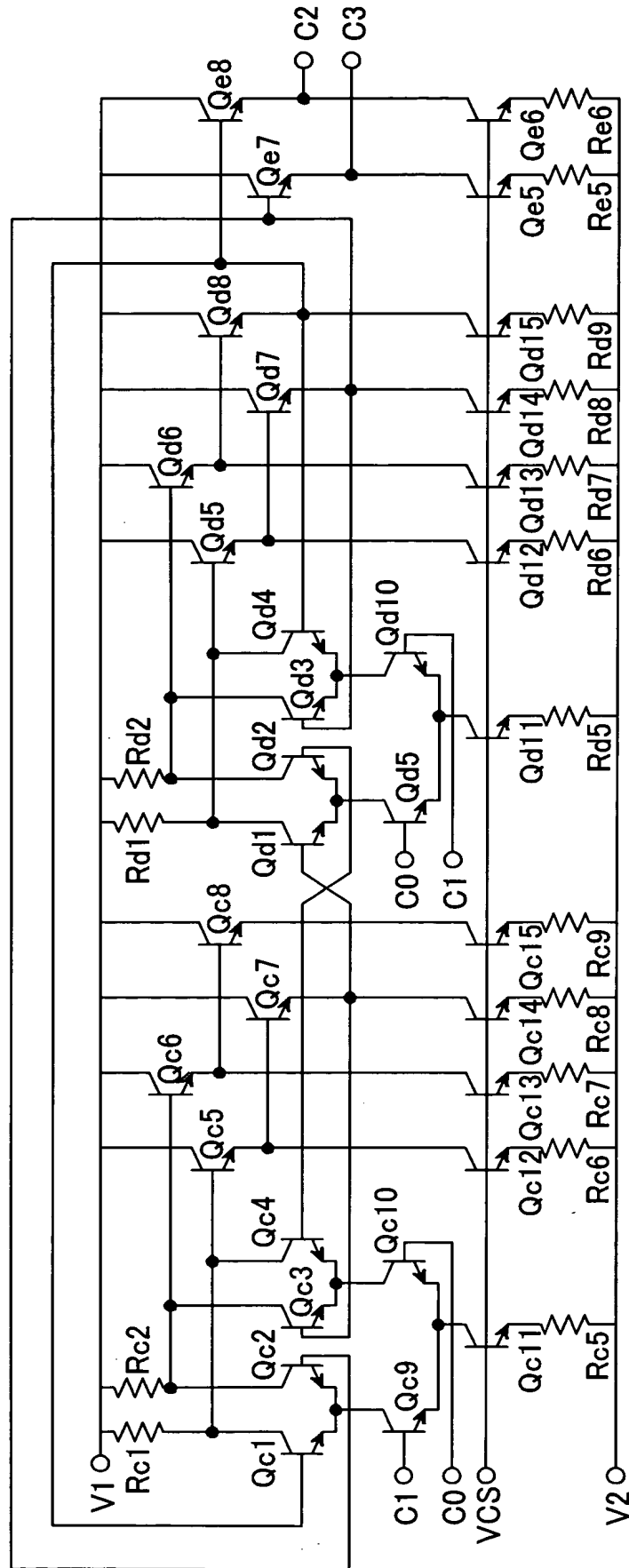


FIG.10

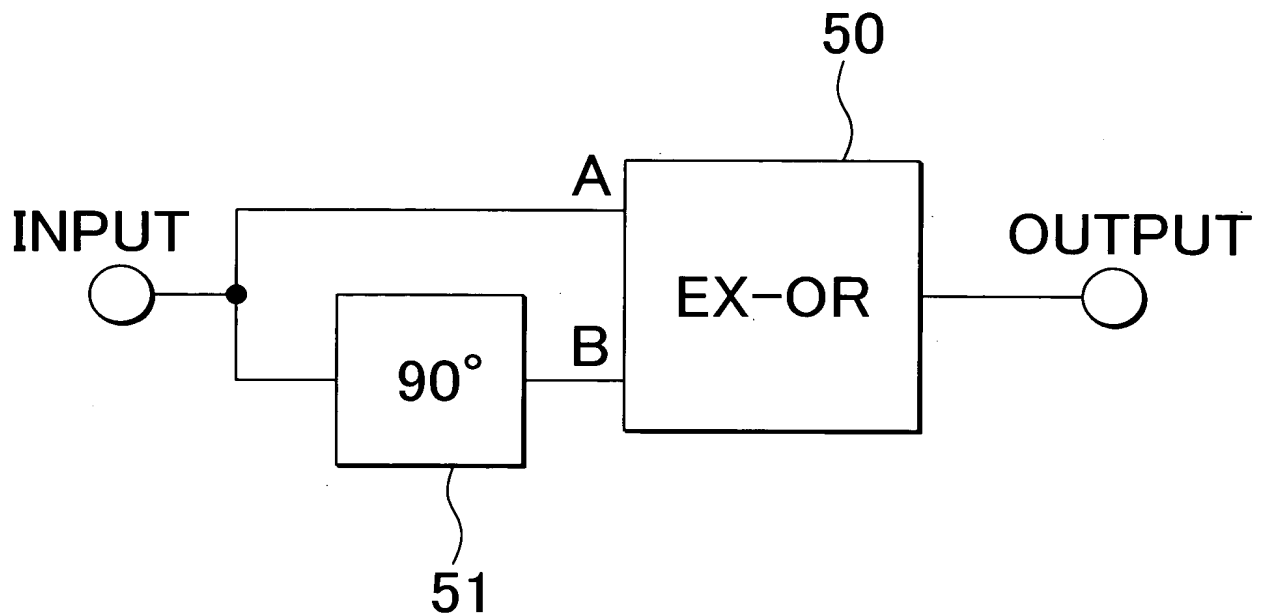


FIG.11

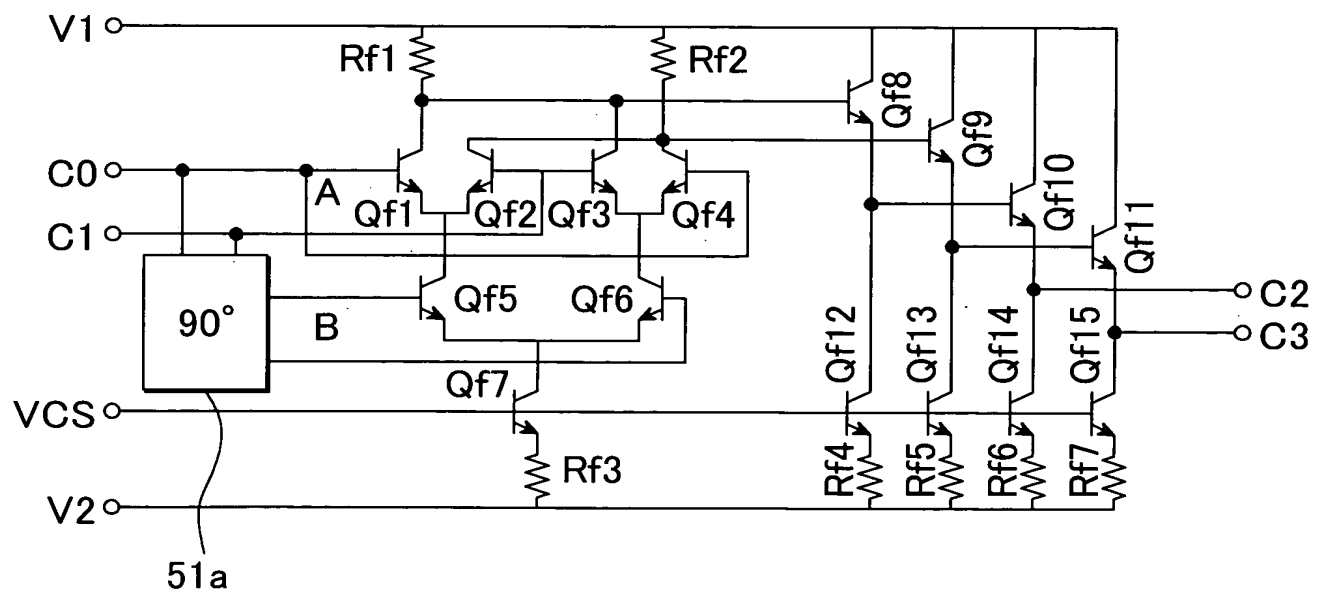


FIG.12

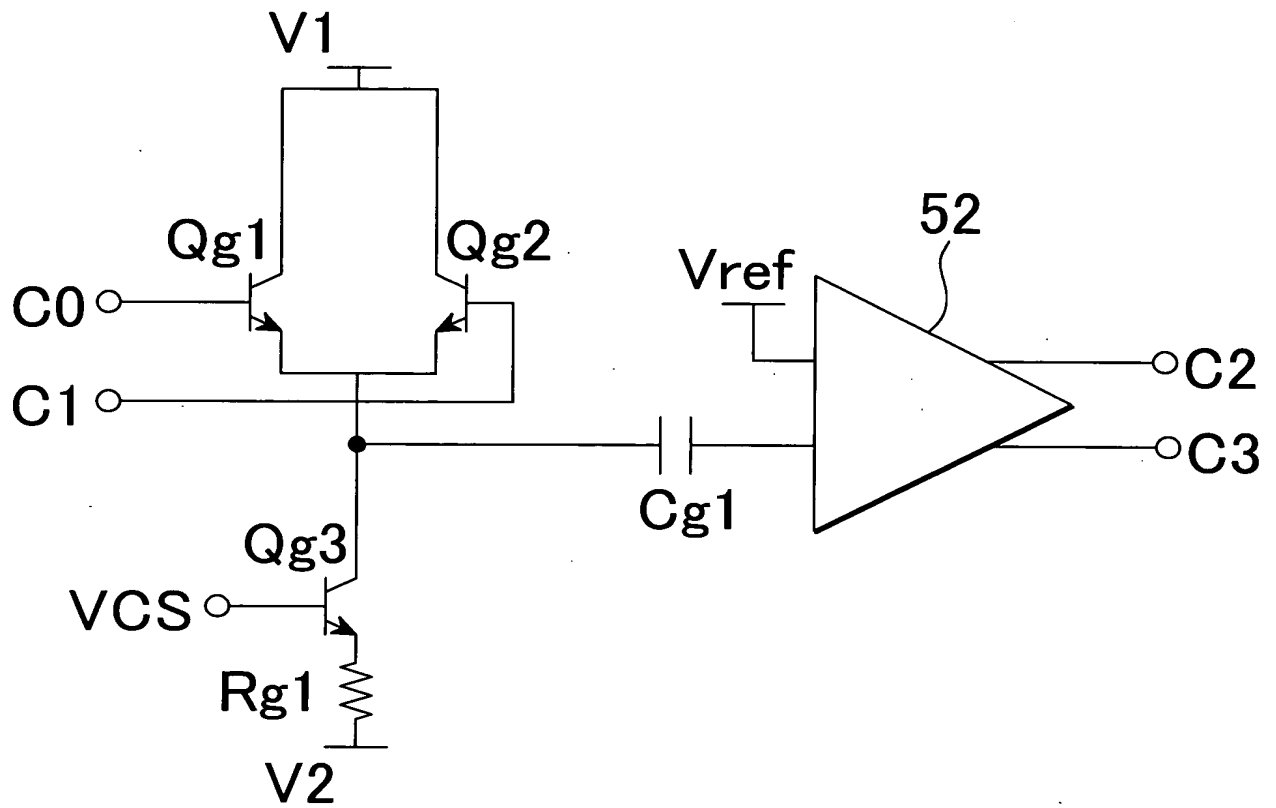


FIG.13

